1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE & OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER
Code: 205
Product Name: BioMarmorino Flat

RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE & USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: Decorative Mineral Plaster

DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET
Name: ROMA USA, LLC
Full Address: 3555 Atlanta Industrial Parkway NW
District & Country: Atlanta, GA 30331 | United States of America (USA)
Phone Number: +1 678-905-3700
E-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: info@romabio.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
FOR URGENT INQUIRIES REFER TO LOCAL DOCTOR OR HOSPITAL
Call 911 if you have a poison emergency.
Call the CDC if swallowed but person is alert 1-800-222-1222

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE
The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and/or EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

DANGER SYMBOLS: Xi, C
R PHRASES: 35 – 37
The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

LABEL ELEMENTS
Hazard labeling pursuant to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and subsequent amendments and supplements.

IRRITANT
S1/2: keep out of the reach of children.
S22: Do not breathe dust.
S24/25: Avoid Contact With Eyes.
S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S36/37: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S45: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

OTHER HAZARDS
CORROSIVE
R35: causes severe burns to eyes.
R37: Irritating to respiratory system.
Contains: Calcium Hydroxide

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCES
Information not relevant.

MIXTURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IDENTIFICATION</th>
<th>CONC. %</th>
<th>CLASSIFICATION 67/548/EEC</th>
<th>CLASSIFICATION 1272/2008 (CLP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HYDRATED CALCIUM OXIDE (CaO+H₂O → Ca(OH)₂)</td>
<td>24 – 25.5</td>
<td>C R34</td>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B H314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS.</td>
<td>EC.:</td>
<td>INDEX:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>–</td>
<td>215-137-3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALCULATED CARBONATE</td>
<td>21 – 22.5</td>
<td>Xi R35, Xi R37/38/41</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS.</td>
<td>EC.:</td>
<td>INDEX:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>–</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER</td>
<td>0.7 – 0.8</td>
<td>Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS.</td>
<td>EC.:</td>
<td>INDEX:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>–</td>
<td>252-104-2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If respiration is difficult, administer artificial respiration and seek medical advice.

INGESTION: Seek medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

EYES & SKIN: Wash with plenty of water; if the irritation persists, seek medical advice.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed
For symptoms and effects caused by contained substances see chap. 11.

INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED
Follow doctor’s orders.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: The extinction equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and nebulized water.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS
None in particular.

SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE: Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc.).
ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

GENERAL INFORMATION: Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire protection gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS: Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with straps around arms, legs and waist), work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and antistatic), a depressurized mask with facemask covering the whole of the operator’s face or a self-respirator (self-protector) in the event of large quantities of fume.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT & EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Wear appropriate protective equipment. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, refer to the other sections of this sheet.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, groundwater and neighboring areas. Dilute the product well with water after collection.

METHODS & MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT & CLEANUP

For liquid products, suck into a suitable container (made of material not incompatible with the product) and soak up any leaked product with absorbent inert material (sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, Kieselguhr, etc). Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit in containers for disposal. For solid products, use spark proof mechanical tools to collect the leaked product and place majorities of the remaining product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material in plastic containers. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate products, use spark proof mechanical tools to collect the leaked product and place majority of the remaining material and deposit in containers for disposal. For solid products, use spark proof mechanical tools to collect the leaked product and place.

REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Store in closed, labeled containers.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Normal storage conditions without particular incompatibilities.

SPECIFIC END USE(S)

Information not available.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>COUNTRY</th>
<th>TWA/8H</th>
<th>STEL/15MIN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Hydroxide</td>
<td>TLV–ACGIH</td>
<td>5 ppm/5 mg/m3</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OEL</td>
<td>IRL</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEL</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HANDLING PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in PVA, butyl, fluoroelastomer or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves’ limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. Standard EN 166).

SKIN PROTECTION


RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company’s prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an A or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. Standard EN 141).

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. Standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. Standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th>Dense Composed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Characteristic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Or Freezing Point</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Boiling Point</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Range</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>&gt; 61°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Of Solids And Gases</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Inflammability Limit</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Inflammability Limit</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Explosive Limit</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Explosive Limit</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Specific Gravity | 1,700 Kg/l
Solubility | Water
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water | –
Ignition Temperature | –
Decomposition Temperature | –
Viscosity | –
Reactive Properties | –

10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY
There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

CHEMICAL STABILITY
The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS
No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID
None in particular, however the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS
Information not available.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, vapors potentially dangerous to health may be released.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS
This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours. Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness. If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
LD50 (Oral): 7340 mg/kg Rat

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

TOXICITY
Information not available.

PERSISTENCE & DEGRADABILITY
Information not available.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL
Information not available.

MOBILITY IN SOIL
Information not available.

RESULTS OF PBT & VPvB ASSESSMENT
Information not available.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS
Information not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE TREATMENT METHODS
Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. Disposal must be performed through an authorized waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING: Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SEVESO CATEGORY: None

RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO THE PRODUCT OR CONTAINED SUBSTANCES PURSUANT TO ANNEX XVII TO EC REGULATION 1907/2006: None

SUBSTANCES IN CANDIDATE LIST (ART. 59 REACH): None

HEALTHCARE CONTROLS: Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers’ health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (DIRECTIVE 2004/42/EC): Exterior walls of mineral substrate. VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition

LIMIT VALUE: 20.00 (2010)

VOC OF PRODUCT: 5.85 g/l

CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT
No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2 – 3 of the sheet
R22: Harmful if Swallowed.
R38: Irritating to Skin.
R41: Risk of Serious Damage to Eyes.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

7. The Merck Index. – 10th Edition
8. Handling Chemical Safety
9. Niosh – Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
10. INRS – Fiche Toxicologique (Toxicological Sheet)
11. Patty – Industrial Hygiene & Toxicology
NOTE FOR USERS
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.